Ujjain Engineering College, Ujjain (MP) 456010

SYLLABUS FOR FOUR YEARS Bachelor of Technology DEGREE COURSE as per AICTE Model Curriculum

(EC/EE Branches :: July 2019)

Subject Code	Subject Name	Semester	Periods per Week		Scheme of Examination		Total Marks	Credits		
			L	Т	P	ESE	MST	QAR	Marks	
MA 3003	Mathematics – III	III	3	1	0	70	20	10	100	4

Prerequisite: Mathematics - I, Mathematics - II

Course Objective: The goals for the course are to gain a facility with using the transform, both specific techniques and general principles, and learning to recognize when, why, and how it is used. Together with a great variety, the subject also has a great coherence, and the hope is students come to appreciate both. This course also aims to provide an understanding of the basic concepts in probability, conditional probability and independent events. It will also focus on the random variable, mathematical expectation, and different types of distributions, sampling theory and estimation theory. Another objective of the course is to design a statistical hypothesis about the real world problem and to conduct appropriate test for drawing valid inference about the population characteristics. It is inevitable to have the knowledge of hypothesis testing for any research work. The course will provide an opportunity to learn R programming to substantial extent.

Detailed Course Contents [Total contact hours required: 60 hours]

Module 1: Laplace Transform (9 lectures, 3 tutorials) [Weightage 14 marks]

Laplace Transform, Properties of Laplace Transform, Laplace transform of periodic functions. Finding inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem. Evaluation of integrals by Laplace transform, Solving ODEs and PDEs by Laplace Transform method.

Module 2: Fourier Transform (9 lectures, 3 tutorials) [Weightage 14 marks]

Fourier integrals, Fourier transform, Elementary properties, Fourier cosine and sine transform, Finite Fourier cosine and sine transforms, Fourier transform solution of some partial differential equations.

Module 3: Basic probability and distributions (9 lectures, 3 tutorials) [Weightage 14 marks]

Probability spaces, Conditional probability, independence; Total probability, Baye's theorem, Discrete random variables, Binomial distribution, Poisson distribution, Continuous random variables and their properties, Normal distribution, Evaluation of statistical parameters for these three distributions.

Module 4: Basic Statistics (9 lectures, 3 tutorials) [Weightage 14 marks]

Measures of Central tendency: Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis, Curve fitting by the method of least squaresfitting of straight lines, Second degree parabolas and more general curves. Correlation and Regression, Rank correlation.

Module 5: Applied Statistics (9 lectures, 3 tutorials) [Weightage 14 marks]

Tests of significance: Introduction, Sampling and standard error. Test of significance for large samples: Null and alternate hypothesis, critical region, critical value, and level of significance, confidence interval, Errors in testing of hypothesis. Tests of significance for small samples: Student's t-distribution, Snedecor's Fdistribution. Chi-Square distribution: Properties, applications, test for goodness of fit, independence of attributes, test for population variance.

Suggested Text/Reference Books:

- Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- R. K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyenger, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publications.
- W. E. Boyce and R. C. DiPrima, Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, 9th Edn., Wiley India, 2009.
- S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., Wiley India, 1984.
- E. A. Coddington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hall India, 1995.
- E. L. Ince, Ordinary Differential Equations, Dover Publications, 1958.
- J. W. Brown and R. V. Churchill, Complex Variables and Applications, 7th Ed., Mc-Graw Hill, 2004.
- B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.

Table 01: Course Outcomes (COs)

On successful completion of this course students will be able to:

Course Outcome #	Course Outcome
CO1	Find Laplace transform and Inverse Laplace transforms of functions using different methods/properties and able to apply them to solve initial and boundary value problems.
CO2	Find Integral representation, Fourier transforms and Inverse Fourier transforms of functions using different methods/properties and able to apply them to solve ODEs and PDEs.
соз	Understand the concepts of probability, random variables and be familiar with some common probability distribution like Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions and their properties.
CO4	Understand and apply the concepts of Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis, fit different curves by least square method, understand and apply the concepts of correlation and regressions.
CO5	Perform Test of Hypothesis as well as calculate confidence interval for a population parameter for single sample and two sample cases. Learn non-parametric test such as the Chi-Square test for Independence as well as Goodness of Fit.

Table 02: Mapping of Course Outcomes with Program Outcomes

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	2	1	ed ann		-91	-	100	-	12 12 E
CO2	3	3	1	2	1	31 200	-	- State Control	-	-	-	or organi
CO3	3	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	- 113	-
CO4	3	3	1	2	1	ers tales	-	-	-	-	cincins.	1 - 3 - 3
CO5	3	3	1	2	1	TVO TO TO	wasa.	-	-	33 Table		-
MA 3003	3	3	1	2	1	30 - 883	the - int	-	-	ami-girl	1 54	-

Policy for Attendance:

Attendance in lectures and tutorials is compulsory. Please ensure that your attendance is marked on the attendance sheet, and that this is done no later than the first five minutes of the class. There will be maximum 5% marks for attendance which will be awarded as follows:

Attendance	Marks	Attendance	Marks
≤ 40%	1.0	61% ≤ 80%	3.5
$41\% \le 60\%$	2.5	81% ≤ 100%	5.0

Evaluation Plan:

- 1. There will be two assignments. Each assignment will carry 1% weightage. Dates, timings and syllabus for Assignment 1 and Assignment 2 will be announced later in the class.
- 2. There will be two quizzes. Quizzes will be conducted in the tutorial class. Each quiz will be of 30 minutes duration and will carry 1.5% weightage. Dates, timings and syllabus for Quiz 1 and Quiz 2 will be announced later in the class. Questions in Quiz 1 and Quiz 2 will be asked from the tutorial sheets. Missed quizzes cannot be made up.
- 3. The Mid-Semester examination, will be of 20% weightage. The syllabus for Mid-Sem examination will be announced later in the class. Questions in MSTs may be asked from the tutorial sheets. The End Semester Examination will be of 70% weightage, and will cover all the topics.



EC 3301				
ECE01	Electronic Devices	3L:1T:2P	5 credits	

Introduction to Semiconductor Physics: Review of Quantum Mechanics, Electrons in periodic Lattices, E-k diagrams. Energy bands in intrinsic and extrinsic silicon; Carrier transport: diffusion current, drift current, mobility and resistivity; sheet resistance, design of resistors

Generation and recombination of carriers; Poisson and continuity equation P-N junction characteristics, I-Vcharacteristics, and small signal switching models; Avalanche breakdown, Zener diode, Schottky diode

Bipolar Junction Transistor, I-V characteristics, Ebers-Moll Model, MOS capacitor, C-V characteristics, MOSFET, I-V characteristics, and small signal models of MOS transistor, LED, photodiode and solar cell;

Integrated circuit fabrication process: oxidation, diffusion, ion implantation, photolithography, etching, chemical vapor deposition, sputtering, twin-tub CMOS process.

Text /Reference Books:

- 1. G. Streetman, and S. K. Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices," 7th edition, Pearson, 2014.
- 2. D. Neamen, D. Biswas "Semiconductor Physics and Devices," McGraw-Hill Education
- 3. S. M. Sze and K. N. Kwok, "Physics of Semiconductor Devices," 3rd edition, John Wiley &Sons, 2006.
- 4. C.T. Sah, "Fundamentals of solid state electronics," World Scientific Publishing Co. Inc, 1991.
- Y. Tsividis and M. Colin, "Operation and Modeling of the MOS Transistor," Oxford Univ. Press, 2011.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

- 1. Understand the principles of semiconductor Physics
- Understand and utilize the mathematical models of semiconductor junctions and MOS transistors for circuits and systems.

ECE02:Electronic Devices Lab (0L:0T:2P) (1 credit)

Hands-on experiments related to the course contents of EC01

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EC3302			
ECE03	Digital System Design	3L:1T:2P	5 credits

Logic Simplification and Combinational Logic Design: Review of Boolean Algebra and De Morgan's Theorem, SOP & POS forms, Canonical forms, Karnaugh maps up to 6 variables, Binary codes, Code Conversion.

MSI devices like Comparators, Multiplexers, Encoder, Decoder, Driver & Multiplexed Display, Half andFull Adders, Subtractors, Serial and Parallel Adders, BCD Adder, Barrel shifter and ALU

Sequential Logic Design: Building blocks like S-R, JK and Master-Slave JK FF, Edge triggered FF, Rippleand Synchronous counters, Shift registers, Finite state machines, Design of synchronous FSM, Algorithmic State Machines charts. Designing synchronous circuits like Pulse train generator, PseudoRandom Binary Sequence generator, Clock generation

Logic Families and Semiconductor Memories: TTL NAND gate, Specifications, Noise margin, Propagation delay, fan-in, fan-out, Tristate TTL, ECL, CMOS families and their interfacing, Memory elements, Conceptof Programmable logic devices like FPGA. Logic implementation using Programmable Devices.

VLSI Design flow: Design entry: Schematic, FSM & HDL, different modeling styles in VHDL, Data typesand objects, Dataflow, Behavioral and Structural Modeling, Synthesis and Simulation VHDL constructs and codes for combinational and sequential circuits.

Text/Reference Books:

- 1. R.P. Jain, "Modern digital Electronics", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 2009.
- 2. Douglas Perry, "VHDL", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition, 2002.
- 3. W.H. Gothmann, "Digital Electronics- An introduction to theory and practice", PHI, 2nd edition, 2006.
- 4. D.V. Hall, "Digital Circuits and Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, 1989
- 5. Charles Roth, "Digital System Design using VHDL", Tata McGraw Hill 2nd edition 2012.

Course outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

- 1. Design and analyze combinational logic circuits
- Design & analyze modular combinational circuits with MUX/DEMUX, Decoder, Encoder
- 3. Design & analyze synchronous sequential logic circuits
- 4. Use HDL & appropriate EDA tools for digital logic design and simulation

ECE04: Digital System Design Laboratory[0L:0T:2P] :1 credit]

Hands-on experiments related to the course contents EC03

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	EC 3303				
г	ECE05	Signals and System	3L:1T:0P	4 credits	

Signals and systems as seen in everydaylife, and in various branches of engineering and science.

Energy and power signals, continuous and discrete time signals, continuous and discrete amplitude signals. System properties: linearity: additivity and homogeneity, shift-invariance, causality, stability, realizability.

Linear shift-invariant (LSI) systems, impulse response and step response, convolution, inputoutput behavior with aperiodic convergent inputs. Characterization of causality and stability of linear shift-invariant systems. System representation through differential equations and difference equations.

Periodic and semi-periodic inputs to an LSI system, the notion of a frequencyresponse and its relation to the impulse response, Fourier series representation, the Fourier Transform, convolution/multiplication and their effect in the frequency domain, magnitude and phase response, Fourier domain duality. The Discrete-Time Fourier Transform (DTFT) and the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT). Parseval's Theorem. The idea of signal space and orthogonal bases,

The Laplace Transform, notion of eigen functions of LSI systems, a basis of eigen functions, region of convergence, poles and zeros of system, Laplace domain analysis, solution to differential equations and system behavior.

The z-Transform for discrete time signals and systems- eigen functions, region of convergence, z-domain analysis.

State-space analysis and multi-input, multi-output representation. The state-transition matrix and its role. The Sampling Theorem and its implications- Spectra of sampled signals. Reconstruction: ideal interpolator, zero-order hold, first-order hold, and so on. Aliasing and its effects. Relation between continuous and discrete time systems.

Text/Reference books:

- 1. A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Willsky and I.T. Young, "Signals and Systems", Prentice Hall, 1983.
- 2. R.F. Ziemer, W.H. Tranter and D.R. Fannin, "Signals and Systems Continuous and Discrete", 4th edition, Prentice Hall, 1998.
- 3. Papoulis, "Circuits and Systems: A Modern Approach", HRW, 1980.
- 4. B.P. Lathi, "Signal Processing and Linear Systems", Oxford University Press, c1998.
- 5. Douglas K. Lindner, "Introduction to Signals and Systems", McGraw Hill International Edition: c1999.

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- 6. Simon Haykin, Barry van Veen, "Signals and Systems", John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Private Limited, c1998.
- 7. Robert A. Gabel, Richard A. Roberts, "Signals and Linear Systems", John Wiley and Sons, 1995.
- 8. M. J. Roberts, "Signals and Systems Analysis using Transform methods and MATLAB", TMH, 2003.
- 9. J. Nagrath, S. N. Sharan, R. Ranjan, S. Kumar, "Signals and Systems", TMH New Delhi, 2001.
- 10. Ashok Ambardar,"Analog and Digital Signal Processing", 2nd Edition, Brooks/ Cole Publishing Company (An international Thomson Publishing Company), 1999.

Course outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

- 1. Analyze different types of signals
- Represent continuous and discrete systems in time and frequency domain using different transforms
- 3. Investigate whether the system is stable
- 4. Sampling and reconstruction of a signal

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EC 330	4			
ECE06	Network Theory	3L:1T:0P	4 credits	

Node and Mesh Analysis, matrix approach of network containing voltage and current sources, and reactances, source transformation and duality. Network theorems: Superposition, reciprocity, Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum power Transfer, compensation and Tallegen's theorem as applied to AC. circuits. Trigonometric and exponential Fourier series: Discrete spectra and symmetry of waveform, steady state response of a network to non-sinusoidal periodic inputs, power factor, effective values, Fourier transform and continuous spectra, three phase unbalanced circuit and power calculation.

Laplace transforms and properties: Partial fractions, singularity functions, waveform synthesis, analysis of RC, RL, and RLC networks with and without initial conditions with Laplace transforms evaluation of initial conditions.

Transient behavior, concept of complex frequency, Driving points and transfer functions poles and zeros of immittance function, their properties, sinusoidal response from pole-zero locations, convolution theorem and Two four port network and interconnections, Behaviors of series and parallel resonant circuits, Introduction to band pass, low pass, high pass and band reject filters.

Text/Reference Books

- 1. Van, Valkenburg.; "Network analysis"; Prentice hall ofIndia, 2000
- 2. Sudhakar, A., Shyammohan, S. P.; "Circuits and Network"; Tata McGraw-Hill New Delhi, 1994
- 3. A William Hayt, "Engineering Circuit Analysis" 8th Edition, McGraw-HillEducatio

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Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course students will demonstrate the ability to

- 1. Understand basics electrical circuits with nodal and mesh analysis.
- 2. Appreciate electrical network theorems.
- 3. Apply Laplace Transform for steady state and transient analysis.
- 4. Determine different network functions.
- 5. Appreciate the frequency domain techniques.

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